

**Table 10 d: Postcranial skeletal features**

<sup>1,2,...</sup>: source, author quoted.

	(Sub-)species, form, subpopulation	Number of vertebrae					Div.
<b>Asian lorises</b>							
L I	<b>Slender lorises</b> , genus <i>Loris</i> To avoid confusion, the old taxonomic names (above) are listed here in addition to the new names based on Groves 2001 because taxonomic research may lead to further changes.	7 cervicals, 15 or 16 thoracics, 8 or 7 lumbar, 3 sacral, 6-8 caudals <sup>14</sup> . Generally 14 thoracics <sup>98</sup> .					Limb bones elongated. The olecranon of the ulna does not extend beyond the sigmoid notch, which permits full extension of the forearm <sup>2</sup> . The shorter index finger and second toe have one phalanx less than usual <sup>14</sup> .
L II a	Old name: <i>L. t. tardigradus</i> <sup>1</sup> Groves 1998, 2001: change into distinct species <i>L. tardigradus</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> ). Including several phenotypically distinct-looking forms: see for instance <sup>227</sup> , L II b, L II c and loris identification key in this database.						
L II b	Small form with the appearance of a shorter muzzle <sup>15</sup> .						
L II c	Small form with longer-looking muzzle / heart-shaped ( <i>L. t. grandis</i> -like) face <sup>15</sup> .						
L II d	( <i>L. gracilis zeylanicus</i> : synonym?) <sup>2, 14</sup> .						
L III	<i>Loris lydekkerianus</i> <sup>233</sup> . Groves 1998, 2001: species including all formerly known <i>Loris</i> subspecies except from the former <i>L. t. tardigradus</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> .						
L IV	Old name: <i>Loris tardigradus malabaricus</i> (Wroughton, 1917) <sup>1</sup> Groves 1998, 2001: <i>L. lydekkerianus malabaricus</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> .						

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L V	Old name: <i>Loris tardigradus lydekkerianus</i> (Cabrera, 1908) <sup>1</sup> . Groves 1998, 2001: <i>L. lydekkerianus lydekkerianus</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> .						
L VI	Old name: <i>Loris tardigradus nordicus</i> (Osman Hill, 1933) <sup>1</sup> . Groves 1998, 2001: museum specimens indistinguishable from / synonym of <i>L. lydekkerianus grandis</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> . May turn out to be <i>L. lydekkerianus nordicus</i> in the future if further studies prove distinctness. .						
L VII	Old name: <i>Loris tardigradus grandis</i> (Osman Hill and Phillips, 1932) <sup>1</sup> . Groves 1998, 2001: <i>L. lydekkerianus grandis</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> .						
L VIII	Old name: <i>L. tardigradus nycticeboides</i> (Osman Hill, 1942) <sup>1</sup> . Groves 1998, 2001: <i>L. lydekkerianus nycticeboides</i> <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> .						

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Nx	<i>Nycticebus</i> E. Geoffroy 1812 <sup>233</sup> . Genus <i>Nycticebus</i> in general, lesser slow lorises included or species not mentioned	14 - 18 thoracics, usually 16 <sup>98</sup> .					
Np	<b>Lesser slow lorises</b>						
Np I	<i>Nycticebus pygmaeus</i> (Bonhote, 1907) <sup>3, 1, 2</sup> , see also <sup>38</sup> . ( <i>N. intermedius</i> and other possible <i>pygmaeus</i> -like forms included).						
Np I b	<i>N. pygmaeus</i> (Bonhote, 1907) <sup>4</sup> , distinguished from <i>N. intermedius</i> ).						
Np II	Synonym / proposed species: <i>Nycticebus intermedius</i> (Dao, 1960) <sup>4</sup> .						
Np III	Proposed species: <i>Nycticebus sp.</i> New species proposed 1997, possibly corresponding to <i>N. intermedius</i> <sup>46, 47</sup> .						
Np IV	( <i>Nycticebus chinensis</i> ? New species proposed? Based on newspaper reports) <sup>96, 161</sup> .						
N	<b>Slow lorises</b> (lesser slow lorises not included)						
N I	<i>Nycticebus bengalensis</i> <sup>64, 65</sup> . Old name: <i>N. c. bengalensis</i> . <sup>233</sup> . Includes N I b to N I d <sup>2, 3</sup> ; Osman Hill distinguished <i>tenasserimensis</i> from this form <sup>1</sup> .						
N I b	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. cinereus</i> (A. Milne-Edwards, 1867) <sup>1</sup> .						
N I c	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. incanus</i> (Thomas 1921) <sup>1</sup> .						

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	(Sub-)species, form, subpopulation	Number of vertebrae					Div.
N I d	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. tenasserimensis</i> (variable population with <i>couang</i> -like features in some specimens, possibly including <i>bengalensis-couang</i> transition forms (Elliott, 1912) <sup>265</sup> .						
N II	<b><i>Nycticebus couang</i></b> (Boddaert, 1784) <i>N. bengalensis</i> no longer included <sup>2, 64, 233</sup> . .						
N III	<b><i>N. c. couang</i></b> (Boddaert, 1785) <sup>2</sup> (includes Nc III b-e; compare with Nc III b).						
N III b	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. couang</i> (Boddaert, 1785) <sup>1</sup> .						
N III c	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. hilleri</i> (Stone et Rehn, 1902) <sup>1</sup> .						
N III d	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. insularis</i> (Robinson, 1917) <sup>1</sup> .						
N III e	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. natunae</i> (Stone et Rehn, 1902) <sup>1</sup> .						
N IV	<b><i>N. c. menagensis</i></b> (Lydekker, 1893) <sup>2</sup> ; (including N IV b-d).						
N IV b	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. borneanus</i> (Nachtrieb, 1892; Lyon, 1908) <sup>1</sup> .						
N IV c	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. menagensis</i> (Lydekker, 1893) <sup>6</sup> (only from Tawitawi Archipelago; compare with N IV).						
N IV d	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>N. c. bancanus</i> (Lyon, 1906) <sup>1</sup> .						

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N V	<i>Nycticebus coucang javanicus</i> (E. Geoffroy, 1812) <sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 233</sup> . May turn out to be a distinct species, <i>Nycticebus javanicus</i> , in the future <sup>64, 65, 233</sup> .						
<b>African forms</b>							
A I	Genus <i>Arctocebus</i> (formerly believed to consist of 1 species, <i>A. calabarensis</i> , compare with A II) <sup>33</sup> .	15 thoracics <sup>98</sup> :					Proximal portions of the ribs broad, overlapping each other like roof tiles, possibly for protection when the animal curls up with its head between the forelimbs <sup>92</sup> ; <sup>2</sup> : quotation from Schultz 1961
A II	<i>A. calabarensis</i> (J.A. Smith, 1863) <sup>33, 1, 2</sup> (formerly regarded as subspecies <i>A. c. calabarensis</i> ).						
A III	<i>A. aureus</i> De Winton, 1902 <sup>33, 1, 2</sup> .						
P I	Genus <i>Perodicticus</i> Bennett, 1831; <i>Perodicticus potto</i> (P. L. S. Müller, 1776) (possibly including unrecognized species such as the proposed new genus <i>Pseudopotto</i> ? See below).	Usually 15 thoracics, but individual variations range from 14 to 16, average: 15,3 <sup>98</sup> :					
P II	<i>P. p. potto</i> (P. L. S. Müller, 1766) <sup>2</sup> (includes P II b - P II c).						
P II b	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>P. p. potto</i> (P. L. S. Müller, 1766) <sup>1</sup> (not including P II c).						
P II c	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>P. p. juju</i> (Thomas, 1910) <sup>1</sup> .						
P III	<i>P. p. edwardsi</i> (Bouvier, 1879) <sup>2</sup> (includes P III b - P III c). Possibly including other species.						

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P III b	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>P. p. edwardsi</i> (Bouvier, 1879) <sup>1</sup> .						
P III c	Synonym (subpopulation): <i>P. p. faustus</i> (Thomas, 1910) <sup>1</sup> .						
P IV	<b><i>P. p. ibeanus</i></b> (Thomas, 1910) <sup>2</sup> .						
Ps	<b><i>Pseudopotto martini</i></b> : new genus proposed in 1996 <sup>34</sup> . Current data insufficient <sup>68</sup> .						Only one postcranial skeleton known (specimen AMZ-AS 1730, subadult male skull with mandible from "the Cameroons"). Features: primitive relative to those of lorises, long tail, lacking a distinctly hooked ulnar styloid process <sup>34</sup> .